IN THE CLAIMS:

7. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a solid-electrolyte battery comprising:
forming solid-electrolyte layers on both sides of a positive electrode;
forming solid-electrolyte layers on both sides of a negative electrode;
laminating said positive electrode and said negative electrode directly without a
separator such that one of said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said positive electrode and one
of said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said negative electrode face each other;

winding said positive electrode and said negative electrode such that another one of said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said positive electrode and another one of said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said negative electrode face each other; and

subjecting said wound electrodes to heat treatment so that said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said positive electrode and said solid-electrolyte layers formed on said negative electrode are integrated with each other into one continuous seamless layer.

- 8. (Original) A method of manufacturing a solid-electrolyte battery according to claim 7, wherein said solid-electrolyte layer contains swelling solvent and is gelled.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein said wound electrodes are subjected to heat treatment at about 70° C to about 100° C.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein said wound electrodes are subjected to heat treatment for about ten minutes.

